

Congratulations to New ICFO PhD Graduate

Dr. Aparna M. Das graduated with a thesis entitled i¿½Investigati n of Dynamic Catalyst -Electrolyte Interfaces in Electrochemic l Systems for Establishing Activity Correlationsi¿½

November 02, 2026

We congratulate Dr. Aparna M. Das who defended her thesis this morning in ICFO's Auditorium.
Dr. Das obtained her MSc in Physics from the Indian Institute of Science Education and Research; and she joined the CO2 Mitigation Accelerated by Photons research group led by Prof. Dr. F. Pelayo Garcia de Arquer. Her thesis titled i¿½Investigation of Dynamic Catal st -Electrolyte Interfaces in Electrochemical Systems for Establishing Activity Correlations ¿½ was supervised by Prof. Dr. F. Pelayo Garcia de Ar

ABSTRACT:

Rising atmospheric CO2 levels, driven primarily by anthropogenic emissions, are a central

contributor to global climate change and environmental instability. Electrocatalytic reactions provide a promising pathway for CO2 emission reduction through electricity-driven conversion of CO2 and/or water into value-added chemicals and fuels. In this context, catalysts are widely recognized as the key determinants of performance. This thesis takes the discussion a step further by examining how, in specific reactions, not only the catalyst itself but also the surrounding environment becomes crucial in defining performance matrices. More specifically, it investigates dynamic catalyst-electrolyte interfaces in water electrolysis and direct bicarbonate reduction, with a particular emphasis on interfacial dynamics and their correlation with activity.

The thesis first outlines the fundamental aspects of water electrolysis and bicarbonate reduction, and then presents new concepts and findings on the role of dynamic catalyst-electrolyte interfaces in these systems. To do so, several in situ and operando techniques are employed, including Raman spectroscopy, X-ray absorption spectroscopy, electrochemical impedance spectroscopy, and quantitative bubble analysis, complemented by other electrochemical methods to establish correlations with performance.

In the case of water electrolysis, the thesis focus on the oxygen evolution reaction, which represents the largest energetic penalty in the system. Correlations spanning atomic to microscale features are identified, collectively shaping the performance landscape of the reaction. Using complementary in situ probes, these correlations are shown to go beyond simple cause-and-effect relationships, highlighting the importance of uncovering the underlying mechanisms rather than relying solely on performance metrics.

In direct bicarbonate reduction, performance is strongly influenced by the availability of CO2 at the interface, which is in turn linked to the local pH. Through operando Raman spectroscopy, a descriptor for the interfacial buffering state is identified, providing indirect insight into instantaneous CO2 availability. This hypothesis is further validated by engineering the catalyst-electrolyte interface to actively tune this descriptor, resulting in a threefold improvement in performance. This demonstrates how mechanistic understanding of the catalyst-electrolyte interface can guide informed hypotheses that are ultimately deterministic, reducing the experimental parameter space and improving optimization efficiency.

Overall, the thesis emphasizes the importance of understanding why performance improves, rather than simply attributing progress to i¿½better catalystsi¿½. A deeper understandin of these systems, especially at high current densities, can lead to more coherent de ign principles and challenge existing assumptions about major factors governing the electrochemical performance. The results show that the catalyst surface canno be considered a static entity, but rather a dynamic system whose structure and reactivity are continuously modulated by external factors. These insights provide a more deta led mechanistic picture of electrochemical interfaces and help identify key descriptors for catalyst des

Thesis Committee:

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